Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of

CARGOJET INC.

For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - expressed in millions of Canadian dollars)



Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheets As at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)

(diladated, in minorio di Galiadian dollaro)		September 30,	December 31,
	Note	2017	2016
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS		0.1	2.2
Cash Trade and other receivables		27.1	2.2 25.7
Inventories		0.9	0.9
Prepaid expenses and deposits		3.9	2.7
Income taxes recoverable		0.1	0.1
Derivative financial instruments	15	1.3	6.8
Benvative intarious instruments	10	33.4	38.4
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	3, 4	466.4	371.1
Goodwill	3 , 1	46.4	46.4
Intangible assets		2.0	2.0
Deposits		4.1	4.6
		552.3	462.5
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		32.5	30.4
Borrowings	4	-	35.7
Finance leases	5	70.6	12.7
Provisions	6	0.7	0.7
Dividends payable		2.6	1.9
Derivative financial instrument	15	2.4	-
		108.8	81.4
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	4	87.1	0.2
Finance leases	5	77.7	117.6
Provisions	6	-	1.7
Convertible debentures	7	114.3	181.1
Deferred income taxes	8	9.5	5.2
Pension benefit liability		9.4	8.7
		406.8	395.9
EQUITY		145.5	66.6
		552.3	462.5

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Earnings (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars except per share data)

	Three months ended September 30, Note 2017 2016		September 30,		
		\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES DIRECT EXPENSES	0	89.4 64.7	80.7 59.9	264.7 195.8	236.9 178.6
DIRECT EXPENSES	9	24.7	20.8	68.9	58.3
		27.1	20.0	00.0	30.5
General and administrative expenses	10	12.2	8.5	32.0	25.0
Sales and marketing expenses	_	0.2	0.3	0.9	1.5
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	3	-	3.9	40.4	3.9
Finance costs		5.5	7.7	19.4	23.5
Loss on extinguishment of debt	4	- (4 4)	6.0	2.3	6.0
Other (gain) loss	11	(1.4)	1.1	(3.7)	(5.4)
		16.5	27.5	50.9	54.5
EARNINGS (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES		8.2	(6.7)	18.0	3.8
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	8		(4.0)		•
Deferred		2.6	(1.9)	5.4	0.4
NET EARNINGS (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		5.6	(4.8)	12.6	3.4
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	13	# 0.40	Φ(O, 4O)	#4.00	Ф0.00
- Basic - Diluted		\$0.42 \$0.41	\$(0.46) \$(0.46)	\$1.08 \$1.06	\$0.33 \$0.32

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity Nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)

		Shareholders'	Contributed	Conversion	Surplus on debenture		Total shareholders'
	Note	capital	surplus	option	settlement	Deficit	equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, January 1, 2017		100.9	3.3	10.0	3.1	(50.7)	66.6
Net earnings and comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	12.6	12.6
Share-based compensation	14	-	2.5	-	-	-	2.5
Restricted shares, dividend shares and options vested and exercised	12,14	3.8	(3.8)	-	-	_	-
Deferred tax on conversion option		-	-	1.7	(1.7)	1.1	1.1
Convertible debenture-conversion	7,12	69.7	-	(6.6)	6.6		69.7
Dividends	12		-			(7.0)	(7.0)
Balance, September 30, 2017		174.4	2.0	5.1	8.0	(44.0)	145.5
Balance, January 1, 2016		91.3	1.9	5.2	2.8	(46.4)	54.8
Net loss and comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	3.4	3.4
Treasury shares-net		0.2	-	-	-	-	0.2
Conversion option on debenture redemption		-	-	6.6	-	-	6.6
Private placement of shares		3.3	-	-	-	-	3.3
Restricted shares vested		1.6	0.4	-	-	-	2.0
Deferred tax on conversion option-net		-	-	(1.8)	-	0.1	(1.7)
Convertible debenture-conversion	7	4.5	-	(0.3)	0.3	-	4.5
Dividends	12	-	-	-	-	(4.9)	(4.9)
Balance, September 30, 2016		100.9	2.3	9.7	3.1	(47.8)	68.2

Condensed Consolidated interim Statements of Cash Flows Nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited, in millions of Canadian dollars)

diladdited, in millions of Canadian dollars)		Nine months Septembe	
	Note	2017	2016
	14016	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Ť	•
Net earnings		12.6	3.4
Items not affecting cash			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	3	34.6	31.1
Share-based compensation	14	2.5	2.2
Finance costs		19.4	23.5
Gain on derecognition of provision for lease return condition	6	(1.6)	-
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	3	-	3.9
Employee pension		0.7	-
Income tax provision	8	5.4	0.4
Other gains		(0.7)	(4.2)
		72.9	60.3
Items affecting cash			
Interest paid		(15.7)	(21.6)
		57.2	38.7
Changes in non-cash working capital items and deposits			
Trade and other receivables		(1.4)	2.1
Inventories		- (0.7)	0.1
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(0.7)	1.5
Trade and other payables NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2.1 57.2	(0.7) 41.7
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OFERATING ACTIVITIES		37.2	41.1
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings		(35.7)	(116.0)
Proceeds from borrowings		86.9	38.0
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(16.4)	(17.6)
Proceeds from debenture issuance net of issuance costs		-	119.3
Proceeds from private placement		- (6.2)	3.3
Dividends paid to shareholders NET CASH PROVIDED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(6.3) 28.5	(4.6) 22.4
		20.0	22.4
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	(00 =)	(44.0)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	3	(92.7)	(44.9)
Proceeds from total return swap & settlement of derivative financial instrument		5.7	-
Collection of notes receivable		(07.0)	0.2
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(87.0)	(44.7)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(8.0)	(1.2)
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(2.1)	18.2
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		2.2	6.0
CASH, END OF PERIOD		0.1	24.2

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

1. NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

Cargojet Inc. ("Cargojet" or the "Company") operates a domestic overnight air cargo co-load network between fourteen major Canadian cities. The Company also provides dedicated aircraft to customers on an Aircraft, Crew, Maintenance and Insurance ("ACMI") basis, operating between points in Canada and the USA. As well, the Company operates scheduled international routes for multiple cargo customers between the USA and Bermuda and Canada and Germany and flights between Canada, Colombia, Mexico and Peru.

Cargojet is publicly listed with shares and convertible debentures traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"). The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Canada and the registered office is located at 2281 North Sheridan Way, Mississauga, L5K 2S3, Ontario.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements (the "financial statements") were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 13, 2017.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These,financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Canada ("GAAP"), as set out in the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook – Accounting ("CPA Handbook"), which incorporates International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), using International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34").

These financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Cargojet GP Inc. ("CGP"), Cargojet Holdings Limited Partnership ("CHLP"), and CHLP's wholly owned subsidiaries, Cargojet Holdings Ltd. ("CJH"), CJH's wholly owned subsidiary, 2422311 Ontario Inc., CJH's wholly owned subsidiary, ACE Air Charter Inc. ("ACE"), ACE's wholly owned subsidiaries, ACE Maintenance Ontario Inc. ("ACEM"), 2166361 Ontario Inc. ("ACEO"), and ACEO's wholly owned subsidiary, Navigatair Inc. ("NAVIGATAIR"), CJH's wholly owned subsidiary, Cargojet Airways Ltd. ("CJA") Cargojet Partnership ("CJP") and Aeroship Handling Ltd. ("AH").

All intra-company balances and transactions are eliminated in full on consolidation.

These financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Except as noted below, the Company has followed the same basis of presentation, accounting policies and method of computation for these financial statements as disclosed in the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Standards, amendments and interpretations issued and not yet adopted

Financial instruments: In July 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 9 (2014), Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), which replaces IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39") in its entirety.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

IFRS 9 introduces a single approach to determine whether a financial asset or liability is measured at amortized cost or fair value, a single, forward-looking "expected loss" impairment model and a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. Under IFRS 9, the criteria for classifying and measuring financial assets are principally based on how an entity manages such financial instruments in the context of its business model and whether the contractual cash flows of the financial assets give rise to payments on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). IFRS 9 also replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with a forward-looking expected credit loss ("ECL") model that applies to all financial instruments, which will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. It also includes changes in respect of own credit risk in measuring liabilities elected to be measured at fair value, so that gains caused by the deterioration of an entity's own credit risk on such liabilities are no longer recognized in profit or loss. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company has made considerable progress in assessing its existing financial assets and financial liabilities. In assessing the cash flow characteristics of its existing financial assets, the Company has assessed its business model objectives and reviewed the underlying contractual terms to determine whether the SPPI criteria have been met. The Company anticipates that the majority of its existing receivables will be measured at amortized cost. For those receivables measured at amortized cost, the Company will assess whether an expected impairment loss exists by taking the practical expedient to measure lifetime expected credit losses for these instruments. Historically the credit losses have been minimal and the Company does not expect changes around collection of its current receivables. The Company does not currently anticipate that there will be any material change in the measurement and classification of its existing financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured on a fair value basis. The Company plans to adopt the new standard on a retrospective basis.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers: IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which was issued by the IASB on May 28, 2014 outlines a single comprehensive model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will replace the majority of existing IFRS requirements on revenue recognition including IAS 18, Revenue, IAS 11, Construction Contracts and related interpretations. The core principle of the standard is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. The standard has prescribed a five-step model to apply the principles. The standard also specifies how to account for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract as well as requiring more informative and relevant disclosures. IFRS 15 applies to nearly all contracts with customers, unless covered by another standard, such as leases, financial instruments and insurance contracts. In April 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 15, which provided additional guidance on the identification of performance obligations, on assessing principal versus agent considerations and on licensing revenue. The amendments also provide additional transition relief upon initial adoption of IFRS 15 and have the same effective date as IFRS 15. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. To date, management has developed an adoption plan, identified major revenue streams to be assessed, and identified detailed information on major contracts that may be impacted by the changes at the transition date. Based on the assessment performed no material impact has been identified. The Company continues to evaluate any other possible impacts of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Leases: In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, Leases, which sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, i.e., the customer ("lessee") and the supplier ("lessor"). IFRS 16 replaces the previous lease standard, IAS 17 Leases, and related interpretations. The most significant effect of the new requirements will be an increase in lease assets and financial liabilities as IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases for a lessee. All leases are 'capitalized' by recognizing the present value of the lease payments and showing them either as lease assets (right-of-use assets) or together with property, plant and equipment. If lease payments are made over time, a company also recognizes a financial liability representing its obligation to make future lease payments. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 2, Share-based payments ("IFRS 2"), has been amended to address (i) certain issues related to the accounting for cash settled awards, and (ii) the accounting for equity settled awards that include a "net settlement" feature in respect of employee withholding taxes. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

					Balance as at
	Balance as at				September 30,
Cost	January 1, 2017	Additions	Transfers Adj	ustments	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aircraft hull	230.3	34.0	8.4	(1.4)	271.3
Engines	114.4	26.4	16.1	-	156.9
Spare parts	3.3	0.5	-	-	3.8
Ground equipment	20.5	14.9	0.4	-	35.8
Rotable spares	28.1	2.4	-	-	30.5
Computer hardware and software	8.6	0.7	-	-	9.3
Furniture and fixtures	2.5	0.5	-	-	3.0
Leasehold improvements	11.6	0.8	1.8	-	14.2
Vehicles	3.0	0.1	-	-	3.1
Hangar and cross-dock facilities	23.8	0.3	-	-	24.1
Property, plant and equipment under					
development	16.3	39.6	(26.7)	(2.5)	26.7
Deferred heavy maintenance	39.1	9.7	-	-	48.8
	501.5	129.9	-	(3.9)	627.5

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Accumulated Depreciation &	Balance as at January 1,			Balance as at September 30,	Net Book Value September 30,
<u>Impairment</u>	2017	Depreciation	Adjustments	2017	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aircraft hull	32.5	9.7	(1.4)	40.8	230.5
Engines	33.1	11.2	-	44.3	112.6
Spare parts	-	-	-	-	3.8
Ground equipment	9.9	2.0	-	11.9	23.9
Rotable spares	13.0	1.9	-	14.9	15.6
Computer hardware and software	5.6	0.8	-	6.4	2.9
Furniture and fixtures	1.3	0.1	-	1.4	1.6
Leasehold improvements	8.7	0.6	-	9.3	4.9
Vehicles	1.2	0.3	-	1.5	1.6
Hangar and cross-dock facilities	6.2	0.7	-	6.9	17.2
Property, plant and equipment					
under development	2.5	-	(2.5)	-	26.7
Deferred heavy maintenance	16.4	7.3	-	23.7	25.1
	130.4	34.6	(3.9)	161.1	466.4

Cost	Balance as at January 1, 2016	Additions	Transfers De	Fully preciated	Balance as at December 31, 2016
	\$	\$	\$		\$
Aircraft hull	200.1	22.4	7.8	-	230.3
Engines	100.6	10.6	3.2	-	114.4
Spare parts	2.6	0.7	-	-	3.3
Ground equipment	20.2	0.3	-	-	20.5
Rotable spares	23.7	4.4	-	-	28.1
Computer hardware and software	7.6	1.0	-	-	8.6
Furniture and fixtures	2.3	0.2	-	-	2.5
Leasehold improvements	10.9	0.4	0.3	-	11.6
Vehicles	2.7	0.3	-	-	3.0
Hangar and cross-dock facilities	23.8	-	-	-	23.8
Property, plant and equipment					
under development	17.1	11.1	(11.9)	-	16.3
Deferred heavy maintenance	35.2	8.4	0.6	(5.1)	39.1
	446.8	59.8	-	(5.1)	501.5

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

						Net Book
	Balance as at	t		E	Balance as at	Value
Accumulated Depreciation &	January 1	1	Disposals/	[December 31,	December 31,
<u>Impairment</u>	2016	Depreciation	Transfers	Impairment	2016	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aircraft hull	16.3	14.8	-	1.4	32.5	197.8
Engines	20.8	12.3	-	-	33.1	81.3
Spare parts	-		-	-	-	3.3
Ground equipment	7.8	2.1	-	-	9.9	10.6
Rotable spares	10.9	2.1	-	-	13.0	15.1
Computer hardware and	4.7	0.9	-	-	5.6	3.0
Furniture and fixtures	1.1	0.2	-	-	1.3	1.2
Leasehold improvements	7.6	1.1	-	-	8.7	2.9
Vehicles	1.0	0.2	-	-	1.2	1.8
Hangar and cross-dock	5.3	0.9	-	-	6.2	17.6
Property, plant and equipment						
under development	-	· -	-	2.5	2.5	13.8
Deferred heavy maintenance	14.1	7.4	(5.1)	-	16.4	22.7
	89.6	42.0	(5.1)	3.9	130.4	371.1

Property, plant and equipment under development of \$26.7 (2016 - \$13.8) relates to the purchase and/or modification primarily of aircraft and aircraft engines that are not yet available for use.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of three Boeing 757-200 aircraft after changing the terms of their operating leases resulting in the lease being reclassified as a finance lease as disclosed in Note 5. The Company also completed the acquisition of an additional Boeing 757-200 aircraft and two Boeing 757-200 engines using the revolving syndicate credit facility and term loan, and also purchased ground service equipment to permit the Company to provide its own ground handling at certain locations instead of utilizing the services and equipment of third parties.

Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$11.9 and \$34.6 (2016 - \$11.0 and \$31.1 respectively) out of which \$11.6 and \$33.7 (2016 - 10.8 and \$30.4) were recorded in direct costs and \$0.3 and \$0.9 (2016 - \$0.2 and \$0.7) were recorded in general and administrative expenses.

4. BORROWINGS

Borrowings consist of the following:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Revolving credit facility	86.9	-
Aircraft facility arrangement	-	35.7
Other borrowings	0.2	0.2
	87.1	35.9
Less: current portion	-	35.7
Long-term portion	87.1	0.2

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Revolving syndicate credit facility and term loan

Effective September 20, 2016, the Company amended its revolving operating credit facility (the "facility") availed through its subsidiary, Cargojet Airways Ltd., as borrower, with a syndicate of financial institutions (collectively, the "Lenders") by, amongst other things, increasing the maximum credit available from \$100 to \$175 and extending the maturity date by one year to expire on December 16, 2019. The facility bears interest payable monthly; at the lead Lender's prime lending rate / US base rate plus 150 basis points to 200 basis points, depending on the currency of the advance and certain financial ratios of the Company. No scheduled repayments of principal are required under the facility prior to maturity.

On April 7, 2017, the Company further amended the facility by, amongst other things, increasing the maximum revolving credit available from \$175 to \$200 and established a non-revolving \$75 delayed-draw term loan facility (the "DDTL Facility"). The maturity date of the facility was further extended to April 7, 2020 and the maturity date of the DDTL Facility is April 7, 2022. The Company can draw the amount under the DDTL Facility until April 06, 2018. Any undrawn amount under the DDLT Facility at the end of this period will expire and will reduce the amount under the facility. The DDTL Facility can be used to purchase aircraft, refinance aircraft loans, and make termination payments of aircraft capital leases and other capital expenditures. As of the balance sheet date, the Company has outstanding balance of \$47.5 under the DDTL facility. Any advance under the DDTL facility is repayable in equal monthly payments based on the amount of the advance and a straight line amortization from the borrowing date to the DDLT Facility maturity date.

Amounts drawn on the facility may be advanced to the Company and its subsidiaries by way of intercompany loans. The facility will be used primarily to finance the working capital requirements and capital expenditures of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The facility is secured by the following:

- general security agreement constituting a first ranking security interest over all personal property of Cargojet Airways Ltd., as borrower, subject to certain permitted encumbrances (including those of aircraft financing parties);
- guarantee and postponement of claim supported by a general security agreement constituting a first ranking security interest over all personal property of the Company and its other material subsidiaries subject to certain permitted encumbrances;
- charge over real property of the Company at Hamilton airport;
- security over aircraft owned by the Company which are otherwise unencumbered; and
- · assignment of insurance proceeds.

Advances under the facility are repayable without any prepayment penalties and bear interest based on the prevailing prime rate, US base rate or at a banker's acceptance rate, as applicable, plus an applicable margin to those rates. The facility is subject to customary terms and conditions for borrowers of this nature, including limits on incurring additional indebtedness, granting liens or selling assets without the consent of the Lenders, and restrictions on the Company's ability to pay dividends in certain circumstances. The facility is also subject to the maintenance of a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a total adjusted leverage ratio.

The Company was in compliance with the terms of the lending agreements for current and prior facilities as at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Included in the condensed consolidated interim statement of earnings and comprehensive income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 was interest expense on the revolving credit facility of \$1.2 and \$3.3 respectively (three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 - \$0.6 and \$2.4 respectively).

Loan arrangement

In March 2015, the Company executed an aircraft facility loan with a US based lender for USD \$27.5 and drew down on it to finance the acquisition of one Boeing 767-300 aircraft. This facility was expiring in April 2022 and was secured by the related aircraft and all its components and records. On February 1, 2017, the Company prepaid the entire outstanding amount of this loan facility including the prepayment fees using the revolving operating credit facility. The prepayment resulted in a pre-tax loss of \$2.3 including prepayment fees and unamortized costs, which were recorded as a loss on the extinguishment of debt. The prepayment also resulted in the pre-tax exchange loss of \$1.3. On February 14, 2017, the Company cancelled the \$6.6 letter of credit issued to the lender in respect of this facility following the prepayment of the loan.

Included in the condensed consolidated interim statement of earnings and comprehensive income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 was interest expense on the loan arrangement of \$nil and \$0.3 respectively (September 30, 2016 - \$2.7 and \$8.4 respectively).

5. FINANCE LEASES

In 2014, the Company entered into a Master Capital Lease Agreement ("MLA") with an equipment finance and leasing company. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had completed four finance leases to acquire four Boeing 767-300 aircraft under the MLA in the aggregate amount of \$120.0. The Company is required to purchase the aircraft financed under the MLA at the end of the term of each lease at a predetermined price. Accordingly, these leases are classified as finance leases and corresponding lease obligations are recognized in the financial statements. Each lease under the MLA is arranged in two tranches, A and B, each with its own schedule of principal and interest payments. The estimated weighted effective interest rate at September 30, 2017 was 7.23%. The leases under the MLA are guaranteed by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Under the terms of the MLA, the Company paid arrangement fees in an amount equal to 0.75% of the amounts advanced and was required to pay additional fees (the "share- based additional fees") equal to the positive difference between the price of 233,332 Cargojet common voting shares on the TSX on the date of the MLA and the twenty day volume weighted average closing price for such shares as of the date preceding the date on which the lessor demands payment by a written notice, provided that such notice can only be given on a day after the first anniversary of the applicable agreement and before the fourth anniversary of such agreement. The Company had also paid success fees in an amount equal to 1.5% of the amount advanced under the MLA to an independent investment banking firm for its services towards completion of these transactions.

In September 2016, the Company received a written demand to pay the cash settled share-based additional fees and paid \$3.8 in full satisfaction thereof.

The MLA is subject to the maintenance of certain financial covenants. The Company was in compliance with all such covenants as at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

As at September 30, 2017 the total outstanding balance of the leases under the MLA is \$88.9 out of which \$11.2 is recognized as a current liability on the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company also has a finance lease arrangement for a Boeing 767-300 aircraft that includes a bargain purchase option. The estimated effective interest rate for this lease is 7.21%. The lease is deemed to be maturing on the early exercisable date of bargain purchase option in March 2018. Accordingly, the outstanding balance of \$25.4 at September 30, 2017 is recognized as a current liability on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company renegotiated the terms of the operating leases of three of the Boeing 757-200 aircraft. Under the revised terms, the Company will buy back the aircraft at the end of the term of the leases in October 2017, December 2017 and January 2018 respectively. Accordingly the leases were classified as finance leases and an asset and liability of \$58.6 was recognized on the date of conversion of the leases. On September 29, 2017 the Company prepaid the entire outstanding amount of the finance leases ending in October 2017 using the revolving operating credit facility. The balance of the liability of \$34.0 as at September 30, 2017 is recognized as a current liability on the consolidated balance sheets.

The following is a schedule of future minimum annual lease payments for aircraft under finance leases together with the balance of the obligation as at September 30, 2017.

	Minimum	Present value of
	lease payments	minimum lease payments
	\$	\$
Not later than one year	77.4	70.6
Later than one year and not later than five years	90.0	77.7
	167.4	148.3
Less: interest	19.1	<u> </u>
Total obligations under finance leases	148.3	148.3
Less: current portion	70.6	70.6
Non-current portion	77.7	77.7

Interest amounts on the finance leases for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$2.2 and \$6.7 respectively (September 30, 2016 - \$2.5 and \$7.7 respectively).

6. PROVISIONS

The Company's aircraft operating lease agreements require leased aircraft to be returned to the lessor in a specified operating condition. The Company has estimated that it will incur certain maintenance costs at the end of the lease terms and has recorded a maintenance provision liability for these costs. A reconciliation of the carrying amount of the provision is as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	2.4	2.4
Derecognition of provision for lease return conditions	(1.6)	-
Accretion	0.1	0.1
Effects of exchange rate changes on the provision balance	(0.2)	(0.1)
Balance, end of year	0.7	2.4
Less: current portion	0.7	0.7
Non-current portion	-	1.7

The provision for lease return conditions represents the present value of management's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required to settle the obligation at the end of the leases. Such costs have been estimated based on contractual commitments and the Company's specific history. The provision has been reduced to the cost of deferred heavy maintenance included in property, plant and equipment and is being amortized over the remaining terms of the leases.

The change in carrying amount of the provision is related to the derecognition of the maintenance obligation of the three leased Boeing 757-200 aircraft that were acquired through conversion of operating leases to finance leases during the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 (see Note 3).

7. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

The balances of convertible debentures as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consist of the following:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Convertible debentures - 5.5%	-	68.4
Convertible debentures - 4.65%	114.3	112.7
Balance	114.3	181.1

Convertible debentures - 5.5% due June 30, 2019

In April 2014, \$74.0 of unsecured subordinated convertible debentures were issued with a term of five years. These debentures had a fixed interest rate of 5.5% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 30 and December 31 of each year, commencing December 31, 2014.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

On May 15, 2017 the Company issued a redemption notice pursuant to the convertible debenture indenture dated April 29, 2014 (the "Indenture") to redeem all of the outstanding debentures issued under the Indenture (the "5.5% Debentures") on July 5, 2017. Pursuant to the Indenture, the Company elected to satisfy its obligation to pay the redemption price of the 5.5% Debentures due at redemption by issuing that number of voting shares of the Company obtained by dividing the outstanding principal amount of the 5.5% Debentures by 95% of the volume weighted average trading price of the common voting shares on the TSX for the 20 consecutive trading days ending five trading days before the redemption date and to pay accrued and unpaid interest thereon up to but excluding the redemption date in cash to the holders of the 5.5% Debentures. From July 1, 2017 to July 4, 2017, \$15.0 of the outstanding 5.5% Debentures were converted to 523,233 common voting shares of the Company by the holders thereof pursuant to the Indenture. The remaining \$1.4 of the outstanding 5.5% Debentures were redeemed by issuing 30,788 common voting shares of the Company and paying accrued and unpaid interest in cash to the holders thereof.

The debt component is measured at amortized cost. The balance of the debt component as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consists of the following:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Principal balance - beginning of period	73.8	74.0
Less:		
Issuance costs	(3.3)	(3.3)
Conversion option at inception	(6.6)	(6.6)
Accretion	5.8	4.5
Converted during the period/ year	(69.7)	(0.2)
Balance	-	68.4

Interest expense on the debentures for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$0.1 and \$3.1 respectively, (September 30, 2016 - \$1.5 and \$4.4 respectively).

Convertible debentures – 4.65% due December 31, 2021

In September 2016, \$125.0 of unsecured subordinated convertible debentures were issued at a price of 1,000 (dollars) per debenture with a term of five years. These debentures bear a fixed interest rate of 4.65% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 30 and December 31 of each year, commencing December 31, 2016. The intended use of the net proceeds of the debentures is to refinance three US dollar denominated aircraft finance loans.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

The debt component is measured at amortized cost. The balance of the debt component as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consists of the following:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Principal balance - beginning of period	125.0	125.0
Less:		
Issuance costs	(5.8)	(5.8)
Conversion option at inception	(7.1)	(7.1)
Accretion	2.2	0.6
Balance	114.3	112.7

Interest expense on the debentures for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 totaled \$2.0 and \$5.9 respectively (September 30, 2016 \$nil and \$nil respectively).

8. INCOME TAXES

The reconciliation between the Company's statutory and effective tax rate is as follows:

, ,	•	Three month periods ended September 30,		ls ended 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Earnings before income taxes	8.2	(6.7)	18.0	3.8
basic rate of 26.5% (2016 - 26.5%)	2.2	(1.8)	4.8	1.0
Exchange gains on capital loans	-	(0.2)	(0.1)	(1.4)
Share- based compensation	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6
Meals and entertainment	-	0.1	0.1	0.2
Sundry items	-	(0.2)	-	-
Provision for income taxes	2.6	(1.9)	5.4	0.4

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

The tax effect of significant temporary differences is as follows:

	December 31,	Recognized	Recognized	September 30,
	2016	in equity	in Profit & Loss	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment	10.1	-	7.2	17.3
Operating loss carryforward	(10.6)	-	(0.6)	(11.2)
Licenses	0.3	-	-	0.3
Intangible assets	(0.5)	-	0.1	(0.4)
Derivative contracts	0.4	-	(1.1)	(0.7)
Pension costs	(2.3)	-	(0.2)	(2.5)
Financing costs	(0.3)	-	(1.1)	(1.4)
Convertible debentures	2.7	(1.1)	(0.1)	1.5
Provision for lease retirement costs	(0.5)	-	0.4	(0.1)
Deferred heavy maintenance	5.9	-	0.8	6.7
Net deferred income tax liability	5.2	(1.1)	5.4	9.5

9. DIRECT EXPENSES

	Three month periods ended September 30,		Nine month periods ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fuel costs	17.0	14.4	50.8	40.8
Maintenance costs	5.8	5.1	17.8	16.1
Heavy maintenance amortization	2.8	2.0	7.4	5.5
Aircraft costs	4.2	5.4	15.1	19.3
Crew costs	5.9	5.7	17.9	16.8
Depreciation	9.8	8.8	26.3	24.9
Commercial and other costs	19.2	18.5	60.5	55.2
Direct expenses	64.7	59.9	195.8	178.6

10. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Three month periods ended September 30,		Nine month periods ender September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and benefits	5.1	4.7	15.8	14.1
Employee pension	0.2	-	0.7	-
Depreciation	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.7
Net realized foreign exchange losses (gain)	0.5	(3.1)	1.4	(3.4)
Bonuses and incentives	3.1	2.1	4.0	3.8
Audit, legal and consulting	0.6	0.3	1.2	1.0
IT network and communications	0.6	0.5	1.8	1.7
Other general and administrative expenses	1.8	3.8	6.2	7.1
General and administrative expenses	12.2	8.5	32.0	25.0

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

11. OTHER GAINS & LOSSES

	Three month periods endedNine month periods ended			
	September	30,	September	30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Gain on derecognition of provision for lease return				
conditions	(1.0)	-	(1.6)	-
Net loss (gain) on forward foreign exchange contracts	1.1	(1.0)	2.9	4.5
Gain on cash settled share based payment				
arrangements and total return swap	(0.2)	(3.9)	(0.7)	(4.2)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(1.3)	6.0	(4.3)	(5.7)
Other (gain) loss, net	(1.4)	1.1	(3.7)	(5.4)

12. SHAREHOLDERS' CAPITAL

a) Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par value common voting shares, variable voting shares and preferred shares. The common voting shares are held only by shareholders who are "Canadian" as such term is defined in the Canada Transportation Act. The variable voting shares are held only by shareholders who are not Canadian. Under the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the Company, any common voting share that is sold to a non- Canadian is automatically converted to a variable voting share. Similarly, a variable voting share that is sold to a Canadian is automatically converted to a common voting share.

Variable voting shares carry one vote per share held, except where (i) the number of issued and outstanding variable voting shares exceeds 25% of the total number of all issued and outstanding common and variable voting shares, or (ii) the total number of votes cast by or on behalf of the holders of variable voting shares at any meeting on any matter on which a vote is to be taken exceeds 25% of the total number of votes that may be cast at such meeting.

If either of the above noted thresholds is surpassed at any time, the vote attached to each variable voting share will decrease automatically without further act or formality. Under the circumstances described in (i) above, the variable voting shares as a class cannot carry more than 25% of the total voting rights attached to the aggregate number of issued and outstanding common and variable voting shares. Under the circumstances described in (ii) above, the variable voting shares as a class cannot, for a given shareholders' meeting, carry more than 25% of the total number of votes that may be cast at the meeting.

b) Issued and outstanding

The following table shows the changes in shareholders' capital from December 31, 2016 to September 30, 2017:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

	Number of shares	Amount
		\$
Variable voting shares	234,571	2.2
Common voting shares	10,408,794	98.7
Outstanding- December 31, 2016	10,643,365	100.9
Changes during the period		
Conversion of convertible debentures	2,549,697	69.7
Restricted share units settled	80,718	2.6
Exercise of options	108,679	1.2
	13,382,459	174.4
Consisting of:		
Variable voting shares	233,797	3.0
Common voting shares	13,148,662	171.4
Outstanding- September 30, 2017	13,382,459	174.4

Dividends

Dividends to shareholders declared for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 amounted to \$2.6 (\$0.1925 per share) and \$7.0 (\$0.5775 per share) respectively and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 amounted to \$1.8 (\$0.1750 per share) and \$4.9 (\$0.4732 per share) respectively.

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table shows the computation of basic earnings per share for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

In \$ millions except per share Three month periods ended		Nine month periods ended		
	September 30,		September 30,	
Basic earnings per share	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net earnings	\$5.6	(\$4.8)	\$12.6	\$3.4
Weighted average number of shares	13.3	10.5	11.7	10.4
Dilutive impact of share- based awards	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Diluted weighted average number of shares	13.5	10.7	11.9	10.6
Total basic earnings per share	\$0.42	(\$0.46)	\$1.08	\$0.33
Total diluted earnings per share	\$0.41	(\$0.46)	\$1.06	\$0.32

The effect of the convertible debentures has been excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 as the impact would be anti-dilutive. Diluted earnings includes the potentially dilutive impact of share-based awards outstanding at period end, consisting of the incremental shares assumed to be issued on the exercise of stock options and the incremental shares assumed to be issued under restricted stock unit arrangements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Restricted Share Units

The Company's restricted share unit plan (the "RSU Plan") and stock option plan (the "Stock Option Plan") provide the Company the ability to grant restricted share units ("RSUs") and options ("Options") to certain of its executive officers and senior management as part of its long term incentive plan. Each RSU granted entitles the holder to one common voting share or one variable voting share of the Company on the settlement thereof. Each Option granted entitles the holder to one common voting share or one variable voting share of the Company on due exercise thereof. or, if the holder duly elects a cash-less exercise of the Option, the holder will receive that number of common voting shares or variable voting shares, as the case may be, equal to the excess of the five day volume weighted average trading price of the shares (as determined in accordance with the rules of the TSX) ending on the trading day before the exercise date of the Option (the "Market Price") over the exercise price of the Option, multiplied by the number of shares in respect of which the Option is exercised, divided by the Market Price, less any amount to be deducted or withhold in respect of taxes or otherwise pursuant to law.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2017, in accordance with the RSU Plan, the Company granted 60,986 RSUs to certain key executives. Each RSU had an average value of \$47.32 calculated as the volume weighted average trading price of the common voting shares of the Company on the TSX for the five trading days prior to the grant date. 20,710 of \$1.0 RSUs vested and settled in August 2017. Of the remaining 40,276 RSUs granted, 20,138 and 20,138 each will vest in each of the first quarters of 2018 and 2019.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2017, the Company also granted 2,103 RSUs to three non-employee directors. Each RSU had an average value of \$47.32 calculated as the volume weighted average trading price of the common voting shares of the Company on the TSX for the five trading days prior to the grant dates. All 2,103 of \$0.1 RSUs vested and were settled in August 2017.

On March 24, 2017, 56,466 RSUs granted to Company's executives and senior management in prior years were vested and settled on the same date. Accordingly, an amount of \$1.5 was transferred to share capital from contributed surplus. Prior to vesting, and in accordance with the RSU Plan, the Company accrued notional dividends on the RSUs equivalents to 1,439 RSUs that were issued, vested and settled upon the satisfaction of the RSUs vesting conditions. An amount of \$0.1 was recognized on the notional dividends as share-based compensation with a corresponding increase in the share capital account.

There are 23,000 of the remaining RSUs granted in the prior years that will vest in the first quarter of 2018.

The RSU activity for the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 and year ended December 31, 2016 is summarized below:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

	Number of	Fair value
	RSUs	\$
Balance at January 1, 2016	108,662	1.5
Granted in the period	29,297	0.8
Share dividend	1,969	-
Share based compensation-Vested and settled	(60,462)	(0.7)
Share based compensation-Unvested and amortized	-	(1.1)
Balance at December 31, 2016	79,466	0.5
Granted in the period	63,089	3.0
Share dividend	1,439	0.1
Share based compensation-Vested and settled	(80,718)	(1.3)
Share based compensation-Unvested and amortized	-	(0.7)
Balance at September 30, 2017	63,276	1.6

During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017, the total share based compensation expense of \$1.5 and \$2.0 respectively related to settled and unvested RSUs was included in the consolidated statements of earnings and comprehensive income (for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 –\$0.3 and \$1.6 respectively). Unrecognized share-based compensation expense as at September 30, 2017 related to these RSUs was \$1.6 (September 30, 2016 – \$0.8) and will be amortized on a pro-rated basis in the consolidated statements of earnings and comprehensive income over the vesting period.

Options:

The Options activity during the nine month period ended September 30, 2017 is summarized below:

ODTIONS (in Consider dellars)	Number of	Weighted average exercise price in \$
OPTIONS (in Canadian dollars)	Options	exercise price in \$
Balance as at January 1, 2017	452,805	\$27.86
Exercised during the period	(232,358)	\$26.11
Balance as at September 30, 2017	220,447	\$29.71
Vested & exercisable at September 30, 2017	82,324	\$35.83
Unvested at September 30, 2017	138,123	\$26.07

As at September 30, 2017 there were a total of 82,325 vested Options outstanding and the weighted average contractual life remaining of the outstanding Options, both vested and non-vested, is 2.25 years.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

During the nine month period ending September 30, 2017, 87,700 Options granted on June 15, 2015 and 144,658 Options granted on March 28, 2016 were exercised by certain executives when the volume weighted average trading price per share was \$47.74. The number of shares issued was determined based upon the intrinsic value of the Options on the exercise date of \$5.4 that was determined based on the market value of the shares in excess of the Options exercise price. A total of 108,679 shares were issued to the executives and the amount of \$1.2 was transferred to the share capital account. The Company also recognized an expense for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 of \$0.1 and \$0.5 respectively (for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 – \$0.3 and \$0.7 respectively) in respect of the amortization of the Options over the vesting period. The unrecognized value as at September 30, 2017 related to the Options was \$0.4 (September 30, 2016 – \$1.1) and will be amortized on a pro-rated basis in the consolidated statements of earnings and comprehensive income over the vesting period.

Weighted average assumptions

	November 17, 2016	March 28, 2016	June 15, 2015
	Series 3	Series 2	Series 1
Exercise price redemption	\$47.22	\$26.50	\$25.47
Expected volatility	32.96%	32.4%	22.6%
Option life in years	3	5	5
Dividend yield	1.41%	2.5%	2.4%
Risk free rate	1.75%	0.63%	0.94%
Vesting period	immediate	2016-2018	2016-2018
Options granted	38,440	241,966	172,399
Options outstanding	38,440	176,536	126,239
Fair value per option on grant date	\$10.41	\$5.43	\$4.98

There has been no alteration of the terms and conditions of the above share based payment arrangements since the grant date.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are utilized by the Company occasionally in the management of its foreign currency exposures, interest rate risks and share price. The Company's policy is not to utilize derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. All derivative financial instruments are recorded at their fair values.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in income immediately.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognized as a financial asset; a derivative with a negative fair value is recognized as a financial liability.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Total return swap

The Company had an obligation to pay share-based additional fees under the MLA and certain aircraft facility arrangements. In September 2015, the Company entered into a total return swap agreement with a financial institution to manage its exposure under these arrangements. Under the total return swap agreement, the Company pays interest to the financial institution based on Canadian LIBOR on the total value of the notional equity amount which is equal to the total cost of the underlying shares. At the settlement of the total return swap agreement, the Company will receive or remit the net difference between the total value of the notional equity amount and the total proceeds of sales of the underlying shares. The Company did not designate the total return swap agreement as a cash flow hedge for accounting purposes.

The total return swap is pending settlement as at September 30, 2017. The fair market value of the swap was \$1.3 in favour of the Company (December 31, 2016 - \$5.3) and is included under derivative financial instruments on the balance sheet and the change during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 of \$0.2 and \$0.7 (for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 - \$2.4 and \$4.2 respectively) is included as other gains in the condensed consolidated interim statements of earnings and comprehensive income. The total return swap of \$4.7 was settled during the nine month period ended September 30, 2017.

The fair value of the total return swap is classified as level 3 under the fair value hierarchy and is determined by using the Black Scholes model. This model uses the following inputs: market price of the underlying asset, strike price of the underlying asset, risk free rate, dividend yield and expected volatility. An increase or decrease of 10% in the market price of the underlying asset will result in a gain or loss of \$0.3 respectively. A 10% increase or decrease in other inputs will result in an immaterial amount of gain or loss respectively.

The Company's Controller performs the valuations of non-property items required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. The Controller reports directly to the Company's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") who in turn reports to the Company's Audit Committee ("AC"). Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the CFO, AC and Controller at least once every three months, in line with the Company's quarterly reporting period.

Fair Values

The fair value of the 4.65% convertible debentures as at September 30, 2017 was approximately \$123.4 (December 31, 2016-\$125.0). The fair values of the debentures was determined using the discounted cash flow method using the discount rate of 7.0%. The discount rate is determined by using the government of Canada's bench mark bond rate adjusted for the Company's specific credit risk. The fair value of the long-term debt as disclosed in Note 4 was approximately equal to its carrying value. The debts are categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy. An increase or decrease of 10% in discount rate used for valuation of the debentures will decrease or increase the fair value by \$3.0 respectively.

The fair values of all other financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying values given the short-term nature of these items. The fair values of the interest rate swap and the forward contracts are the estimated amounts the issuer would receive or pay to terminate the agreement at the reporting date. Unrealized gains on derivatives are recorded as derivative instrument assets and unrealized losses are recorded as derivative instrument liabilities in the condensed consolidated interim balance sheets.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(unaudited - in millions of Canadian dollars except where noted)

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had foreign exchange forward contracts outstanding to buy US \$30.9 at a weighted average contracted rate of CAD \$1.3263 per US dollar (December 31, 2016 – US\$ 59.9 at a weighted average contracted rate of CAD \$1.3045 per US dollar). The estimated value of the foreign exchange forward contracts as at September 30, 2017 is a payable of \$2.4 (December 31, 2016 – receivable of \$1.5) and is included under derivative financial instruments on the balance sheet. Foreign exchange contracts of \$30.7 were settled during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 resulting in a gain of \$1.0.

The fair values of the forward contracts are the estimated amounts the issuer would receive or pay to terminate the agreement at the reporting date. The forward contracts are categorized as Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the forward contracts is determined using the observable foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Unrealized gains on derivatives are recorded as derivative instrument assets and unrealized losses are recorded as derivative instrument liabilities in the consolidated financial statements.

There are no other assets or liabilities recorded at fair value as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.